swampy country affected by many. *T. gratus* and *T. spekei* are larger forms; the Boschbok, *T. sylvaticus,* is smaller.

The Kudus, genus *Strepsiceros,* have more markedly twisted horns, which are absent in the female. The body is vertically striped with white. The largest species is *S. Jcudu;* a smaller form, *S. imberbis,* is from Somaliland.

The last genus of this section or sub-family is the African Eland, genus *Oreas* [x] (which it appears should be spelt *Omas).* The Elands

FIG. 165.—Eland. *Qrias canna,*

are perhaps more Ox-like in appearance than the other members of this group, and in both sexes have horns, in which the spiral twisting is more close. *Orias ccLTina,* is the name of the common Eland. *O. limngstonii* has been applied to an East African variety, which has thin and faint lateral stripes like the other members of the group to which it belongs.

The genus *Bo$ela,pft,us* includes only *B. tragoca,m,elus,* the Nilgai, which is purely Indian In range. The female is hornless, and the horns of the male are smooth and not long.

[1] *T$KwrGt,ret,$p&$ oryx* lias unfortunately been discorei-ed to be the correct name

for the Elaud.